FAILURES OF AHTISAARI'S PLAN

AHTISAARI'S DOOMED PROPOSAL

Lessons from UN envoy's failed "supervised independence" plan

Must respect UN Charter, UN Resolution 1244, 1975 Helsinki Final Act on non-violability of borders, 1992 Against the will of a sovereign, Badinter Commission (no new states within former democratic state Yugoslav republics) No predetermined solutions, otherwise favored side Solution tacitly predetermined has no incentive to negotiate from the start Limitation of discussion options Open, unhindered talks No deadlines. Talks continue until agreement Time limits is reached Balanced international team of moderators with Controversial choice of mediator no direct interest Guarantees for return, safe movement and discrimination Legitimizes post-war discrimination of minorities reversal. No declarative nor cosmetic human rights policy Unwillingness to consider the Belgrade and regional interests must be considered interests of Belgrade

or future

LESSSONS LEARNED

Force both sides to give up something rather than

Kosovo is very similar to dozens of other hotspots.

Solution must comply with comparable cases in past

Restrain controversial state-building prerogatives

Larger number of horizontally connected Serbian

municipalities with possible vertical links with Belgrade

Reasonable liability and civic control of the

international peacekeeping force

imposing one side's interests over another

Lack of true compromise

secret services...

Unique case, not a precedent

Provides Kosovo with prerogatives of a state: constitution, border and air traffic control, army,

Decentralization: small number of Serbian municipalities

NATO troops beyond any civilian control

FAILURES OF AHTISAARI'S PLAN	LESSSONS LEARNED
Pristina retains key control over decision making and relations of K/Serbs with Belgrade, including aid money and nominations of police commanders in Serb areas	Maximum self-governance of K/Serbs inside Kosovo; maximum autonomy for K/Albanians within Serbia. Possibility of special relations with neighboring states
Possibility of readjusting municipal borders after 2008 census	Pre-war census and cadastre records must be taken into account
Privatization process doesn't take into account property rights nor indemnify Serbia and Serbian workers	Review entire privatization controversy
No restitution of state, social or church property	All property must be restored to its rightful owner, unless otherwise agreed
Protected zones guarded by Kosovo police	Serbian heritage sites and enclaves must be protected by responsible military forces, international or Serbian
Kosovo's foreign debt is calculated on the principle of successor entities of the former Yugoslavia	Kosovo is not a successor entity of Yugoslavia, Belgrade and Pristina should agree on debt
Controversial aspects hushed up between the lines	No confusing phraseology subject to multiple interpretation
Cosmetic upgrades to rejected proposals	Meaningful adjustments in case of stalemate
Proposed solution leads to further Balkan instability and away from EU integration	A true solution must pacify and accelerate EU integration of Western Balkans